Connecting, Communicating and Collaborating across the Globe

Plenary 3 - Engaging with communities and patients: Native Sisters (Native Patient Navigators, Survivorship Navigators)

Linda Burhansstipanov, MSPH, DrPH
(Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma)
President, Native American Cancer Initiatives, Inc. (NACI)
Founder, Native American Cancer Research Corporation (NACR)
3022 South Nova Road
Pine, CO 80470-7830
Phone: 303-838-9359; 1-800-537-8295
http://www.NatAmCancerInitiatives.org

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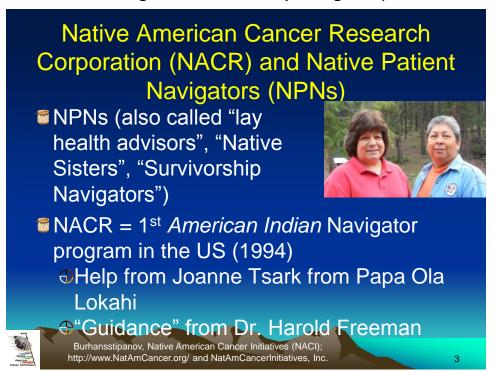
Objectives: The participant will be able to:

Identify selected lessons learned since 1994 for community-based Native Patient Navigation programs



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Background

- Based on Harold Freeman's Navigator model as orally described during meeting in 1992
- Started as "Native American Women's Wellness through Awareness" (NAWWA) 1994
 - NAWWA in Denver and L.A.





Harold Freeman, MD Harlem Hospital, NY

Funded by Robert Woods Johnson Foundation



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NAWWA Background / History / Evolution

- 1994 to present NAWWA [RWJF, Komen] →
 - 1998 "Increasing Mammography for Urban American Indian Women" [NCI R25 CA77665] →
 - ₱ 1999 to present "Colorado Women's Cancer Control Initiative" [Colorado Department of Public Health and Education] →
 - → 2002 "Increasing Mammography Screening among Medically Underserved Women" [NCI R25 CA 96540] →
 - (1996 Network) 2004 "Native American Cancer Education for Survivors" [Komen #POP0503920, #POP0202135, NCI R25 CA 101938]
 - 2006 Prevention / Early Detection Native American Tobacco Education (NATE) Coalition;
 - Native American Prevention of Obesity (NAPO)) [Colorado Department of Public Health and Education]



Native Navigators and the Cancer Continuum (NNACC)
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Characteristics of the Native Sisters

- Native (preferred)
- Respected by the community (credibility in the community)
- Model healthy behaviors
- Passion for helping community members
- Education varies (service vs. grant)





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Why "Native" Patient Navigators?

- Cultural perceptions common to a specific tribal nation, band or clan.
 - →Words "cancer", "positive"
 - Invitation of disease into individual, family, community
 - Tobacco as a sacrament for ceremonial purposes
 - Owl "icon" on walls on CO clinic
 - Chair in hallway

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Why "Native" Patient Navigators?

- Spirituality (Traditional Indian Medicine unique to specific tribal Nations or geographic regions).
 - Details" vs. Green Corn, vision quest, Sun Dance
 - New Agers vs.
 Ceremonies
 - Water v. Corn pollen
 - Spiritual protection



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Why "Native" Patient Navigators?

- Logistical issues unique to Indian Health Service (IHS) Contract Health Services (CHS)
 - Oncologist = referral to CHS
 - Average interval from biopsy to initiation of cancer care for females = 6 months (for males = 9 months)
 - Diabetes MD and oncologist typically share no interactions/ files /medical records but 32% of survivors also have diabetes



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NNACC Research Question

Can a Native specific comprehensive Navigator-implemented community cancer education intervention improve health behaviors among Native American community members?



Honoring Dance for Survivors, NACR PowWow, 2009



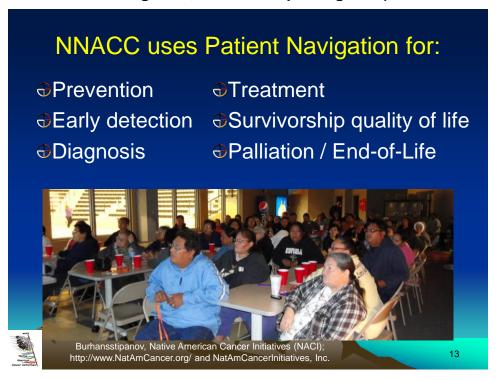
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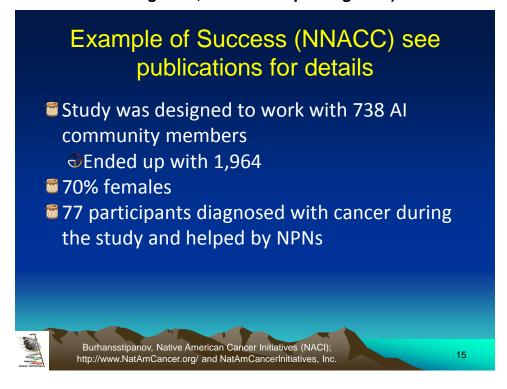
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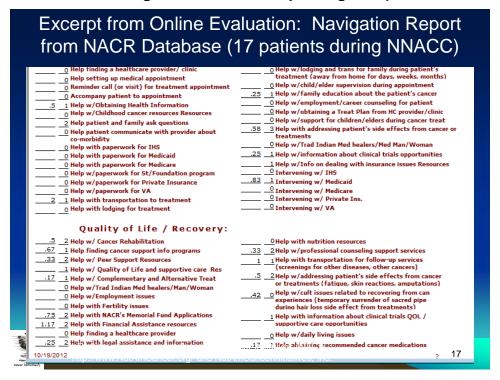






	Excerpt from Online Evaluation: Navigation Report from <i>NACR</i> Database (17 patients during NNACC)				
	Navigation Activities - Report Totals - pg3				
	Time: hrs # Screening: 3 Help finding a healthcare provider/ clinic 1 5 Help setting up medical appointment 1 Reminder call (or visit) for appointment 2.1 2 Accompany patient to appointment 55 2 Help with paperwork for IHS 3 3 Help with paperwork for Medicare 0 Help with paperwork for Medicare 58 4 Help w/paperwork for St/Foundation program 25 1 Help with paperwork for Private Insurance 0 Help with paperwork for VA 13 4 Help with transportation to screening 0 Help withold/elder supervision during appt 25 1 Reminder Call - Medical Appointment	Time: hrs # Diagnosis: 1.75			
	End of Life:	O Help with physical activity O Help clean up the environment O Help with tobacco prevention O Help with tobacco Cessation			
Not Ann Gener I	O Help with traditional Indian ceremonies Help with transportation to/from Hospice setting Help winutrition supplements for EOL/Hospice Help with daily living Help with family caregivers' needs	Palliation: 17 1 Help with cancer pain resources O Help with nutrition resources O Help w/professional counseling support services O Help with info about clinical trials opportunities 17 1 Help obtaining recommended cancer meds O Help with cancer rehabilitation	16		





Native American Community Education Workshops will increase the knowledge and intended behaviors among the Native American participants by at least 20%.			
Table 2. Increased Knowledge and Overall Workshop			
Evaluation			
	Total		
Average % of participants that answered pre-session knowledge items correctly	40.3%		
Average % of participants that answered post- session knowledge items correctly	65.4%		
Difference between the average percentage correct for the pre- and post-session knowledge	28.4%		
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Overall Workshop Evaluation by Partner's Sites				
Table 3. Overall Workshop Evaluation				
	Total			
Average % of participants that rated the workshop content as "understandable"	89.0%			
Average % of participants that responded "I agree" about the workshop providing useful information	91.7%			
Average % of participants that answered "yes" they would recommend the workshop to others	92.3%			
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Solutions / Lessons Learned: Audience Response System (ARS)

- ARS, once learned, works well for workshop evaluations
 - Because of higher than anticipated participation, NACR needed to loan ARS keypads to partners
- Most partners have purchased more keypads



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Summary of Key Points

- NNACC intervention based on solid research methodology
- Community-based Participatory Research Design among NACR, ITCMI, RCRH (GPTCHB), MCN=very successful
- Each Partner creates MoA-O with other local AI organizations to coordinate, implement and evaluate FFE and WS interventions



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Summary of Key Points

- More than 125 hours of initial NPN training
- Although webinars work well, for some trainings no substitution for face-to-face trainings (and observed practical exercises)
- Topics for refresher sessions or new topics (stomach, pancreatic) are identified by NPNs or members of the administrative team



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Summary of Key Points

- Online evaluation program working effectively (but steep learning curve)
- Average increase in learning from WS pre- to post-test knowledge is >25%
- Education intervention very well accepted by all of the communities
- Als diagnosed with cancer during NNACC accessed quality services quickly and efficiently
- More than double the number of anticipated participants in the intervention.



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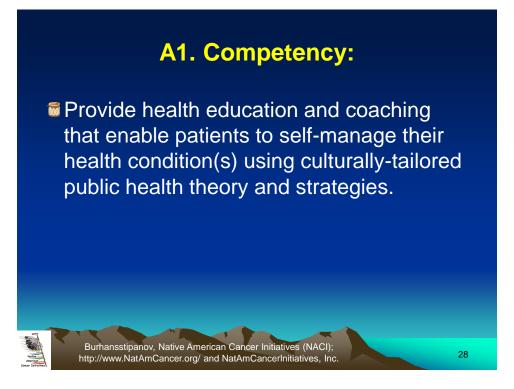






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B. Domain: Advocacy and Community Capacity Building

- B1. Competency: Communicate barriers and human rights violations that patients experience in the health care system to providers and staff in order to assure that these setbacks or discriminatory events are addressed and optimally resolved.
- B2. Competency: Seek and facilitate opportunities for community capacity building to address health inequities

among populations.

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C. Domain: Assessment and Referral

access additional services and programs as needed to self-manage their health condition(s).



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D. Domain: Communication D1. Competency: Demonstrate the ability to effectively communicate with patients, families and members of the health care team. Burhansstipanov, Native American Cancer Initiatives (NACI); http://www.NatAmCancer.org/ and NatAmCancerInitiatives, Inc.





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F. Domain: Reporting, Evaluation and Tracking

F1. Competency: Demonstrate effective "documentation" techniques including reporting, evaluating, monitoring, revising and tracking data related to patient care.



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G. Domain: Cultural Responsiveness

G1. Competency: Demonstrate skills, establish and follow protocols, and exemplify behaviors that exhibit the value of diversity and intentionally promote effective and productive exchanges among clients and all employees or contractors of myriad cultural backgrounds within the healthcare system and its various settings.



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H. Domain: Outreach Methods and Strategies

Tomprehend and demonstrate the ability to implement multi-prong approaches to engage un- and under-served communities through a variety of innovative strategies, as well as using established best practices (i.e., effective health promotion / behavior practices).



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I. Domain: Use of Public Health Concepts and Approaches

■ I1. Competency: Demonstrate an understanding of the larger, more complex issues of public health and their relation to the health care system in order to promote prevention, problem-solving, and policy change to achieve better health outcomes.



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I. Domain: Use of Public Health Concepts and Approaches I2. Competency: Support positive behavior change through culturally-tailored, promising and best-practices guided by public health theory and strategies.

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